1. Overview of Features

The keyboard driver only allows one channel to be open to it at a time. A channel can be opened by giving the device name "KEYBOARD:", any filename or unit number being ignored. If there is already a channel open to the keyboard driver then an error (.2NDCH) will be returned. No EXOS variables need to be set up before opening the channel.

The keyboard device has an interrupt routine which scans the keyboard matrix every video frame (50 times per second). This detects key presses, translates them into ASCII codes, and buffers a single character.

It supports programming of the eight function keys. Each one can be programmed separately for shifted and unshifted use giving effectively sixteen function keys. If the string programmed into any one of these function keys is of zero length then instead of returning characters, this function key will cause a software interrupt when it is pressed.

The eight function keys also each return a specific code if used with the CTRL or ALT keys, giving effectively another 16 functions.

The keyboard driver treats the joystick as if it were four cursor keys and provides diagonal movement by alternating two cursor codes. Autorepeat is supported on all keys. Both the delay until autorepeat begins, and the autorepeat rate can be altered.

The keyboard provides audible feedback by triggering the sound device to produce a click whenever a key is pressed. This can be disabled by the user.

2. Character Input

All input is done using the EXOS read character and read block calls. Read block is supported for compatibility with other devices although it is not very likely to be used. The keyboard is not an output device and so will not accept write character or write block function calls.

With the exception of the function keys which can be programmed with arbitrary strings, each key produces a single ASCII code. Many keys will produce different codes when used in conjunction with the CTRL, SHIFT or ALT keys.

2.1 Lock Modes

The keyboard is always in one of four modes: Normal, shift-lock, caps-lock or alt-lock. The default mode is normal. The mode can be changed by various key combinations:

CTRL LOCK - Enters Caps-lock mode.

SHIFT LOCK - Enters Shift-lock mode.

ALT LOCK - Enters Alt-lock mode.

LOCK - Returns to Normal mode.

When the keyboard is in any of the lock modes then it behaves as if the appropriate SHIFT, CTRL or ALT key was held down permanently. If the appropriate key is held down during a lock mode then it temporarily counteracts the effect of the lock. Thus for example in SHIFT LOCK mode the action of the SHIFT key is effectively reversed. In this example if the CTRL key is used while in SHIFT LOCK mode it will behave as if it was in NORMAL mode. This applies to all other combinations.

The current lock mode is indicated on the status line the first six characters of which are reserved for the keyboard. It displays the word SHIFT, CAPS or ALT as appropriate and is blank for normal mode.

There is an EXOS variable (LOCK_KEY) which is always set to the current lock status according to the following codes:

0 - Un-locked

1 - CAPS lock

2 - SHIFT lock

8 - ALT lock

If this EXOS variable is changed by the user then the next keyboard interrupt will update the lock mode appropriately. Any values other than the above which are put into the variable will be changed to one of the four allowed values.

2.2 Key Codes

These are the ASCII codes returned by each key both normally, and with SHIFT, CTRL and ALT. (All values are in hexadecimal.)

кәу	NORMAL	SHIFT	CONTROL	ALT
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 5 F	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 1F	31 32 33 33 35 36 37 39 9F
e [; ; ; ;	2D 5E 40 5B 3A 5D 5C 2E 2F 20	3D 7E 60 7B 2B 2A 7D 7C 3E 3F 20	2D 1E 00 1B 3B 3A 1D 1C 2C 2E 2F 20	2D 98 98 3A 9C 2E 20 20
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX	61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 68 68 68 68 67 77 77 78	41 42 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 45 55 55 55 55 55 55	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	8123456789ABCDEF012345678

79	59	19	99
7A	5A	1A	9A
0D	0D	0D	0D
1B	1B	1B	1B
09	09	09	09
A0	A1	A2	A3
A4	A5	A6	A7
A8	A9	AA	AB
03	03	03	03
BO	B1	B2	B3
B4	B5	B6	B7
B8	B9	BA	BB
BC	BD	BE	BF
		F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6	F8 F9 FB FC FF FF
	7A 0D 1B 09 A0 A4 A8 03 B0 B4 B8 BC	7A 5A OD OD 1B 1B 1B 09 09 AO Al A5 A8 A9 03 BO Bl B5 B8 B9 BC BD	7A 5A 1A OD OD OD 1B 1B 1B 1B 1B 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03

3. Special Features

3.1 Keyclick control

When the interrupt routine detects a key press it calls a routine called KEYCLICK in the sound driver which produces an audible click. This routine is only called if the EXOS variable KEY_CLICK is zero. Thus setting this variable to a non-zero value will disable key click.

3.2 Autorepeat Control

Autorepeat is controlled by two EXOS variables. DELAY_KEY which is the delay until autorepeat starts and RATE_KEY which is the delay between each repetition of the key. Both of these are in units of 1/50 seconds. DELAY_KEY should always be longer than RATE_KEY and if DELAY_KEY is zero then autorepeat is disabled.

3.3 Function Key Programming

There are sixteen logical programmable function keys numbered 0 to 15. Keys 0 to 7 refer to the basic function keys, 8 to 15 are the shifted versions. Any one of these may be programmed with a string of characters (which may include control codes etc.) using a special function call. The default string for all keys is a null string.

Parameters: B = 00FKEY (=8) (Special function code)

C = Function key number (0..15)

DE = Pointer to string (Length byte first)

Returns: A = Status

The maximum length for each programmed string is 23 characters excluding the length byte. An error (.KFSPC) will be returned if the string is too long.

If the programmed string is of zero length (null string) then this function key will cause a software interrupt when it is pressed. The software interrupt code will be ?FKEY (10h) for function key 0, up to ?FKEY+15 (1Fh) for function key 15.

3.4 Stop Key Control

There is an EXOS variable called STOP_IRQ which controls the action of the STOP key. If it is non-zero then the stop key simply returns the ASCII Ctrl-C code (03h) in the same way as all other keys. If STOP_IRQ is zero then instead of this a software interrupt is caused, with software interrupt code ?STOP (20h).

3.5 Hold Key Control

When the HOLD key is pressed the keyboard driver hangs up in its interrupt routine until the HOLD key is pressed again. This will thus freeze any listing etc. which is being produced. When it hangs up it calls a routine in the sound driver to silence the DAVE chip since any sounds will be frozen.

When the HOLD key is pressed it displays the message "HOLD" in place of the current lock mode on the status line. This message will be replaced by the correct lock mode message (which is blank for normal mode) when the hold is released. If the STOP key is pressed while in hold mode then this will force an exit from hold mode, and will then respond to the STOP key in the normal way.

While in hold mode the internal EXOS clock will still be updated so it will not loose time.

3.6 Normal Key Software Interrupts

When a nermal key is pressed the character code for it is simply put in the buffer. However if the EXOS variable KEY_IRQ is non-zero then as well as returning the character code, a software interrupt will be caused with software interrupt code ?KEY (21h).

3.7 Direct Joystick Reading

A special function call is provided which will directly read the joystick on the main keyboard, or one of the two external joysticks on the control ports. The parameters for this are:

Parameters: B = @@JOY (=9) (Special function code)

C = 0 (internal joystick)
= l (external joystick l)

= 2 (external joystick 2)

Returns: A = Status

C = b0 - Set if RIGHT pressed

bl - Set if LEFT pressed

b2 - Set if DOWN pressed

b3 - Set if UP pressed

b4 - Set if FIRE pressed

b5..b6 - Clear

Note that for the internal joystick the "fire" button is in fact the space bar.

4. Quick Reference Summary

4.1 EXOS calls.

OPEN/CREATE CHANNEL - Treated identically. Only one channel. Device name "KEYBOARD:". Filename and unit number ignored. No EXOS variables to set before open.

CLOSE/DESTROY CHANNEL - Treated identically.

READ CHARACTER/BLOCK - Returns ASCII key code or characters of function key string.

WRITE CHARACTER/BLOCK - Not supported

READ STATUS - C=0 if key has been pressed, C=1 if not.

SET STATUS - Not supported.

SPECIAL FUNCTION - @@FKEY = 8 Program function key @@JOY = 9 Direct joystick read

4.2 EXOS Variables

DELAY KEY - Delay until auto repeat starts

RATE KEY - Rate of autorepeating CLICK KEY - Zero to enable key click LOCK KEY - Current keyboard lock mode

STOP IRQ - Zero to enable stop key software interrupts

KEY TRQ - Zero to enable normal key interrupts

4.3 Software Interrupt Codes

?STOP = 20h Triggered by pressing STOP key if STOP IRQ=0. No key code returned.

?KEY = 21h Triggered by pressing any key if KEY_IRQ=0.
Key code returned as well.

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